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Studia Monocotyledonearum Japonicarum (II)

auctore

F. MAEKAWA

前川文夫: 日本產單子葉植物考察(其二)

3-4) **Eleorchis** F. MAEKAWA gen. nov. (Orchidaceæ-Polychondreæ-Ble-tillinæ)

Planta paludicola. Pseudobulbus parvus globosus viridis carnosus supra medium annulo singulare ornatus. Scapus unicus erectus gracilis monophyllus 1-(raro 2-) florus, cataphyllis 2, brevibus vaginatis hyalino-membranaceis basi bulbum hornotinum obtectis. Folium lineari-lanceolatum crassiusculum gramineum cum vaginâ ex parte pseudobulbi superiore emittente articulatum. Flos purpureus; bractea minima scariosa; sepala petalaque subæquantia oblanceolata erecta leviter concava columnâ conniventia neque connata omnia ad ovarii apicem inserta. Labellum obovato-oblongum vel oblanceolatum planum intus nudum vel lamellis tenuibus ornatum inferne ca. 1/3-1/4 columnâ connatum. Columna anguste cylindrica margine utrinque angulata fere vel non alata apice truncato-crenulata nunquam petaloideo-alata, rostello plano dilatato truncato producta. Anthera terminalis pendula conicoidea; pollinia 4 glanulosa; caudicula nulla. (Typus generis, Arethusa japonica).

From related genera *Arethusa* and *Bletilla*, this can be distinguished as follows:

Planta terestris. Pseudobulbus magnus in quoque anno innovationem laterali emittens. Caulis inferne oligo-vel multi-foliatus. Folia dilatata distincte plicata. Inflorescentia racemosa. Labellum ab columna perfecte liberum. Columna nunquam alata.

Bletilla REICHENBACH FIL.

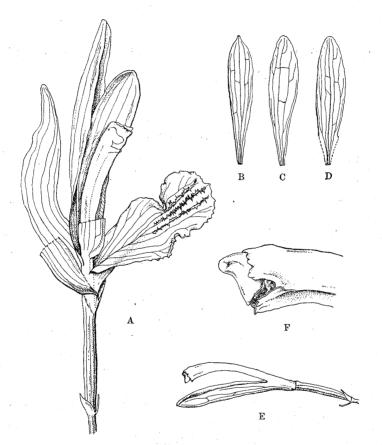


Fig. 4. A) Flower of Arcthusa bulbosa (×2)

B-F) Flower-parts of Eleorchis conformis

B) dorsal sepal(×2); C) lateral petal ×2); D) labellum (×2); E) A flower, sepals and petals removed (×2); F)

Upper part of collumn (×8)

I) Eleorchis japonica (A. Gray) F. Maekawa comb. nov.

Syn. Arethusa japonica A. Gray in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, VI: 409 (1859)

-MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. II: 209 (1866) -Franchet et Savatier, Enum. Pl. Jap. II: 35 (1876)-Matsumura, Ind. Pl. Jap. II-1:235 (1905)

-MIYOSHI et Makino, Pocket Atlas Alp. Pl. Jap. I, t. 11, f. 64 (1906)-Takeda in Bot. Mag. Tokyo, XXIV: 132 (1910) -Schlechter in Engler, Bot. Jahrb. XLV. 406 (1911)-Makino in Iinuma's Somoku Dzusetsu ed. 3. 1233, t. XVIII-69 (1912)-Makino et Nemoto, Fl. Jap. ed. 1: 1146 (1925), ed. 2: 1617 (1931).

Bletilla japonica SCHLECHTER in FEDDE, Repert. Sp. Nov. Regn. Veget. X: 255 (1911), Orchideen: 106 in nota (1914), FEDDE, Repert. Beihefte IV: 158 (1919)-MIYABE et KUDO in Journ. Facult. Agricult. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. XXVI-3: 376 (1932).

Nom. Jap. Sawa-Ran, Asahi-Ran.

Hab. Yezo: Hakodate (fide A. Gray) Kurile: Kunashiri (fide Мічаве et Киро). Hondo-bor.-centralis: prov. Iwashiro, Numayama-tôge (В. Начата, Jul. 1903), Osenuma (В. Начата, Jul. 1903?), Akai-yachi (S. Наттогі, Jul. 11, 1926)—prov. Kôdzuke, Monte Tanigawa-dake (Y. Satake, Jul. 1930)—prov. Shinano, Monte Togakushi (J. Matsumura, Jul. 11, 1884)—prov. Ecchû, Monte Tateyama (K. Hisauchi, Jul. 26, 1929).

II) Eleorchis conformis F. Maekawa sp. nov.

Bulbus annotinus ellipsoideus vel depresso-globosus ca. 5-8 mm. longus, hornotinus parvus angustior. Cataphylla 2, interioribus majoribus 15-40mm. longis hyalino-membranaceis apice truncatis. Folium unicum erectum late

lineare vel lineari-oblanceolatum scapo brevius 6-13 cm. longum 2-4.5 mm. latum apice abrupte acutum basi vaginam brevem articulatum. Scapus 10-



Fig. 5. Eleorchis conformis cultivated in Bot. Garden, Koishikawa.

15 cm. longus gracilis ca. medio squamâ brevissimâ 0.5mm longâ obtuso-truncatâ obtectus, apice unibiflorus. vel rarissime Flos erectus purpureus, bracteâ late deltoideoovatâ ca. 1 mm. longâ obsitus, cum ovario 18-25 mm. longus. Sepala, petala labellumque conniventia erecta æquilonga 13-17 mm. longa 2.5-3.5 mm. lata oblanceolata infra medium cuneata; sepala apice cuspidata 5-nervia; petala lateralia latiora obtusa 5-nervia; labellum oblongo - oblanceolatum planissimum obtusum integrum 5-7-nervium inferne ca. 5mm. ad colum-

nam saccato-connatum. Columna 12-15 mm. longa ca. 2mm. lata versus apicem sensim dilatata et leviter arcuata margine angulata sed nunquam alata apice truncato-crenulata; rostellum planum truncatum crenulatum 1.5mm. longum. Antheræ obtusæ 1.5 mm. longæ. Ovarium 5-8 mm. longum erectum glaberrimum.

Nom. Jap. Kirigamine-Asahiran (nom. nov.)

Hab. Hondo: prov. Shinano, Kirigamine, ad paludum Yashimagaike (Sн. Момове, Julio 29, 1931-Туриз in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.), ibid. (K. Suzuki, cult. in Koishikawa Bot. Gard.)

5-6) Group of Platanthera bifolia

This group which contains the type species of the genus, Platanthera bifolia, is very characteristic having two large basal leaves decurrent to scape, large flowers, cordate dorsal sepal, broad and thick lip, deltoid or ovate rostellum, truncate connective and prolonged protuberans of collumn to which retinaculum adhered. Now we can find three representatives in Japan, i. e. Platanthera chloranthella Nakai in Korea, Pl. metabifolia F. Maekawa in northern part of Japan and Pl. Okuboi Makino isolated far apart in the Isl. Hachijô. The former two have been erroneously confused together and misled with Platanthera bifolia, later Pl. chlorantha, but are quite different and clearly discriminable as in the following key:

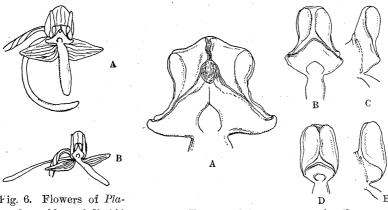


Fig. 6. Flowers of Platanthera chloranthella (A) and Pl. metabifolia (B) both in natural size.

Fig. 7. Front and lateral view of collumn, all drawn from herbarium materials (×ca. 5)
A) Pl. chloranthella B-C) Pl. metabifolia
D-E) Pl. bifolia

I) Platanthera chloranthella Nakai, Report Veget. Experiment Forest Kôryô, Chôsen: 28 (1932).

Syn. Platanthera chlorantha (non Custor), Komarov in Acta Horti Petropolit. XX:515 (1901)—Finet in Rev. Général. de Botanique XIII:511 (1901) (quoad pl. ex Côte de Manchourie) [ut chloranta]—Rolfe in Forbes et Hemsley in Journ. Linn. Soc. Bot. XXXVI:55 (1903) (quoad pl. ex Mukden et Corea)—Nakai in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo Imp. Univ. XXXI:219 (1911).

Platanthera chlorontha var. orientalis Schlechter in Fedde, Repert. Beihefte IV: 609 in nota sub *Pl. chlorantha* (1919) (quoad pl. ex Korea et Schonking)-Mori, Enum. Corean Pl.: 105 (1922) (excl. nom. jap.).

Tuber globosus 1.3cm. latus. Radices teretes vel fusiformes hirsutæ. Scapus cum racemo 30-45cm. altus basi oligo-vaginato-cataphyllatus angulatus. Folia basilaria magna 2 raro 3, 13-17 cm. longa 3.5-7 cm. lata oblonga vel elliptica acuta vel obtusa basi ad petiolum 4-10cm. longum acuminato-angustata atque caulem decurrentia. Folia minora 2-4, 2-5 cm. longa subulato-lanceolata superiora ad bracteam deformantia.

Racemus subdensus 12-20 florus. Bracteæ ovario subæquantes subulatolanceolatæ 0.8-1.5 cm. longæ. Flores majores 2-2.2 cm. lati albi, albescentes vel dilutissime ochracei. Sepalum dorsale ovato-ellipticum obtusum basi profunde cordatum 8.5mm. longum 6.5–7mm. latum 5–7 nervis; lateralia patentia 12 mm. longa 7–8 mm. lata ovato-deltoidea apice acutissima basi oblique dilatata 7-nervia. Petala erecta sepalo dorsale fere breviora linearia 8.5–9 mm. longa apice obtusa basi columnam late adnata. Labellum late lineare 14–17 mm. longum 1.5–2.2mm. latum obtusum carnosum; calcar tubulosum crassum 25–30 mm. longum 1.2–1.7 mm. latum curvato-pendens supra medium parum incrassatum carnosulum.

Columna ca. 3mm. longa apice ventrale acute producta, antheræ locullis valde apertis basi divergentibus, connectivo truncato vel obtuso cuspidato medio intus costato crasso ca. 3–3.5 mm. lato; pollinia 4.5 mm. longa; caudicula 2.5mm. longa; retinaculum ovato-rotundatum 0.8 mm. longum; rostellum triangulatum cuspidatum vel acutum apice crassitie appendiculatum vel subnullum.

Nom. Jap. Kôrai-Chidori (nom. nov.)

Hab. Korea: prov. Kanhoku, prope Seisin (T. Nakai, Jun. 19, 1909-Typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.)-prov. Keiki, Kôryô (T. Mori n. 306, Jul. 7, 1912)-prov. Keinan, Mt. Chiisan (T. Nakai, Jun. 30, 1913), ibid. Hannyahô ca. 1700 m. alt. (T. Nakai, n. 414, Jul. 1, 1913)-prov. Zennan, Isl. Nankaitô (T. Nakai, n. 10881, Maio 17, 1928), Isl. Higashijima, Ins. Kyobuntô (Port. Hamilton) (T. Nakai, Maio 26, 1928)-sine loco speciali (T. Ishidoya).

Manchuria: prov. Kirin, (Komarov, n. 442, Jul. 17, 1896)-Pa-tao-kou (K. Akagi, Jun.-Jul. 1933)-prov. Feng-t'ien, Fêng-huang-shan (M. Nishimura, Maio 15, 1913).

II) Platanthera metabifolia F. MAEKAWA Sp. nov.

Syn. Platanthera chlorantha (non Custor) Fr. Schmidt in Mémoires de l'Acad. Imp. des Sci. de St. Petersbourg VII-ser. XII-2:181 (1868)-Takeda in Bot. Mag. Tokyo XXV:19 (1911), in Journ. Linn. Soc. XLII: 488 (1914)-Miyabe et Miyake, Fl. Saghal.: 451 (1915)-Kudo in Journ. Coll. Agr. Hokk. Imp. Univ. Sapporo XII-1:29 (1923), Report Veget. North. Saghal.: 94 (1924)-Makino et Nemoto, Fl. Jap. ed. 2:1669 (1931)-Miyabe et Kudo in Journ. Facult. Agr. Hokk. Imp. Univ. Sapporo XXVI-3:365 (1932)-Ohwi

in Acta Phytotax. Geobot. II: 264 (1933).

Platanthera chlorantha var. orientalis Schlechter in Fedde, Repert. Beihefte IV: 109 (1919) (pro parte, quoad pl. ex Yezo).

Platanthera bifolia (non L. C. RICHARD) FINET in Bull. Soc. Bot. France XLVII: 277 (1900) (pro parte fide TAKEDA)-KOIDZUMI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo XXII-13: 41 (1910)-SCHLECHTER in FEDDE, Repert. Beihefte IV: 108 (1919) (pro parte).

Planta 22–50 cm. alta. Radices tuberosæ binæ oblongæ ovato-oblongæ acuminatæ siccatione 1.5–2.3 cm. longæ 9–13 mm. latæ, filiformes nonnulas emittentes. Caulis erectus parum angulatus 2.5–5 mm. latus basi bivaginatus et bifoliatus. Folia oblonga vel elliptica apice obtusa basi attenuato-decurrentia, laminâ 8–14 cm. longâ 2.2–4.6 cm. latâ, petiolo 2–7 cm. longo, foliis minoribus subulato-lanceolatis 2–6 cm. longis. Racemus densiusculus 8–16 cm. longus 20–25 florus. Bracteæ lanceolatæ ovario fere superantes. Flores mediocres ca. 15mm. lati, dilutissime ochracei; sepalum dorsale 5.5–6mm. longum ovato-ellipticum apice obtusum basi subhastato-cordatum, lateralibus 8 mm. longis 3 mm. latis oblongo-lanceolatis 5–nervis; petala sepalo dorsale paulo breviora carnosula lineari-lanceolata recta non falcata basi posteriorem obtuso producta. Labellum 1 cm. longum 1.5–1.8 mm. latum carnosum late lineare apice obtusum; calcar 20–27 mm. longum lineare sæpe versus apicem paulo dilatatum obtusum.

Columna brevis inferne obtusangulato porrecta, loculis antheræ fere adnatis basi divergentibus 3.2 mm. longis, rostello obtuso-deltoideo. Ovarium 7-17 mm. longum, fusiforme.

Nom. Jap. Futaba-Tsuresagi (G. Koidzumi 1910)

Yezo-Chidori (H. TAKEDA 1911)

Hab. Saghalin-bor.: Palkhata (Y. Okada, Aug. 26, 1923).

Saghalin-austr.: Suzuya (G. Nakahara, Aug. 1906-Typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.), Toyohara (S. Komatsu, Aug. 1913), ibid. (H. Hara n.e-1174, Aug. 30, 1931), Sakaehama (S. Komatsu, Aug. 2, 1913), loco non indicato (N. Okada, Jul. 1917).

Yeso: prov. Kushiro, prope lacum Akan ca. 800 m alt. (H. HARA, Aug. 15, 1931).

Kurile-austr.: Isl. Shikotan, Shakotan (H. TAKEDA, Jul. 16, 1909-Herb. Mus. Sci. Tokyo, n. 29806).

Sometimes we met with a forest form having laxer raceme and more slender spur than the typical form. According to the description, *Platanthera densa* (non Lindl.) Freyn described upon the specimen collected in Dahuria, is somewhat like this, but differs by its reniform dorsal sepal and broader labellum.

Goodyera pendula Maximowicz var. brachyphylla F. Maekawa var. nov.

Planta pendula 11-14 cm. alta. Folia erecto-patentia, petiolo 1.5-2 cm. longo basi vaginato, ovato-elliptica vel ovata 12-15 mm. longa 6.5-8 mm. lata basi truncata vel acuminato-decurrentia margine integra raro paulum undulata 3- vel 5-pli-nervia. Spica recurvato-ascendens 3.5-5 cm. longa densiflora. Flores 5 mm. longi, ovario cum pedicello 5-5. 5 mm. longo, extus crispulo-pubescentes. Sepala lateralia oblique ovato-lanceolata margine inferne plicato-incurvata.

Nom. Jap. Hiroha-no-Tsurishusuran (nom. nov.)

Hab. Hondo-bor.-centr.: prov. Uzen, Mt. Iide (Y. Yuki, Aug. 7, 1933, n. 2973-Typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.)-prov. Suruga, Mt. Fuji (K. Hisauchi Aug. 15, 1931).

From typical Goodyera pendula, this variety differs in having broader but shorter ovate leaves, and lateral sepals more strongly involute in the lower margin.

8) **Diplolabellum** F. MAEKAWA gen. nov. (Orchidaceæ-Keros i hereæ-Pleuranthæ-Corallorrhizinæ).

Planta terrestris. Pseudobulbus ovato-globosus apice bi- vel unifoliatus atque scapum laterale emittens. Folia lineari-lanceolata graminea plicata basi ad petiolum attenuata. Scapus erectus inferne squamis vaginatis dissitus apice racemosus. Flores; bracteæ ovario subæquilongæ lanceolatæ membranaceæ; sepala petalaque subconformia oblonga conniventia; labellum trilobatum, lobis lateralibus minoribus, medio majore refracto basi intus

lamella ob-V-forme carnosa antice prostrato, non unguiculatum ecalcaratum. Columna labello brevior semiteres infra medium ventrale alato-dilatata, cli-

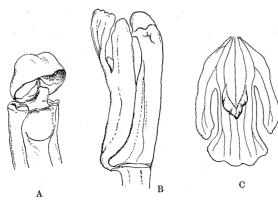


Fig. 8. Flower parts of Diplolabellum coreanum

- A) Upper part of column (×ca. 20)
- B) Labellum and column, lateral view (×10)
- C) Labellum (×ca. 8)

nandrio truncato. Anthera globoso-cupularis haud 2-locularis. Pollinia 4, cerosa sessilia compresso-rotundata; caudicula retinaclumque nulla. Stigma infra columnam ventrale excavatum, rostello brevissimo.

This resembles externally to *Oreorchis* Lind-Ley, but the latter has bilamellate lip and glo-

bose pollinia supported by distinct caudicula. North American Aplectrum NUTTALL is also an akin of this genus, in having no caudicula, but can be clearly discriminated from it by its trilamellated lip.

Diplolabellum coreanum (FINET) F. MAEKAWA comb. nov.

Syn. Oreorchis coreana Finet in Bull. Soc. Bot. France LV: 337, t. 10 f. 40-45 (1908)-Finet in Morot, Journ. de Bot. XXI: 110 (1908)-Nakai in Journ. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo XXXI: 225 (1911)-Schlechter in Fedde, Repert. Beihefte IV: 223 (1919)-Mori, Enum. Corean Pl.: 105 (1922).

Nom. Jap. Kokeiran-modoki (nom. nov.)

. Hab. Korea: Quelpært: in silvis Hallaisan (FAURIE n. 2055, Julio 1907–Cotypus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo.), ibid. (TAQUET, n. 1648, Aug. 13, 1908) ibid. (T.»NAKAI n. 4839, Oct. 31, 1917 et n. 4875, Nov. 1, 1917).

3-4) Eleorchis F. MAEKAWA (あさひらん屬)

あさひらんハ 最初 Gray 氏ガ北米ノ Arethusa ト同屬トシテ發表シ、永ラクコレニ 從ツテ居タガ 1911 年ニナツテ SCHLECHTER 氏ガ Bletilla (しらん屬) ニ移シタ。シカシ次ニ示ス様ニ兩屬カラ違フノデ獨立ノ一屬ニシタ。即チ:一

コノ屬ニハ2種アツテイヅレモ日本特産デアル。一ツハあさひらん(さはらん)デ南千島ノ國後島以南、北海道本島、本州北部、及ビ中部ノ高所ノ濕原ニアリ日光、尾瀬、上州谷川岳、戸隱山及ビ立山等ニ分布シテ居ル。學名ヲ Eleorchis japonica (A. Gray) F. Maekawa ト呼ブ。今1種ハ信州霧ケ峰ニ産スルモノデ、あさひらんニ似テ花ハ直立シ、唇瓣ハ倒披針形デ蕚片及ビ花瓣ト殆ンド同形ヲナシ、マルデ唇瓣ノ俤ガナイ。又花莖ノ中部ニアル鱗形葉ハ短カク截頭デアル。コレニ反シテあさひらんハ花側向シ、唇瓣ハ他ノ蕚片花瓣ニ比シテ廣ク形異ナリ、内面ニハ縱畝ヲ有シ、花莖ノ鱗形葉ハ鍼形デ鋭尖形ヲ呈スルノデ明ラカナ別種デアル。松崎直枝氏ノ御好意デ小石川植物園栽培ノ生品(鈴木吉五郎氏採集)ヲ見ルコトガ出來、又百瀨靜男氏ガ霧ケ峯デ採集シタ標本ヲ得タノデコ、ニ。Eleorchis conformis F. Maekawa (きりがみねあさひらん)トシテ酸表スル。

5-6) ふたばつれさぎノー群:

Platanthera ノ屬ノ基本トナツタ種ハ歐洲産ノ Pl. bifolia デアルガ、花莖ノ基部ニホベ對生スル大形ノ葉ヲ有シ、花モ大キク、背蕚片ハ基脚心形ヲナシ、小嘴體ハ卵形或ハ三角形ヲ呈シ、葯隔ハ截頭、蕊柱ノ前縁突出部ハ顯著ニ三角狀ヲナシテ居ル等デ他ノ同屬ノモノカラ離レタ位置ヲ占メテ居ル。我ガ日本産デコノ系統ニ入ルベキモノニ所謂ふたばつれさぎ(えぞちどり)ト稱スルモノ

ト八丈島 / Platanthera Okuboi MAKINO (八丈つれさぎ) トガアル。後者ハ明 ラカナ種デ間違ハナイガ、前者ハソノ屬藉ニツイテ色々ノ説ガアツテ、小泉源一 博士ハ 1910 年 = 樺太産ノモノヲ Platanthera bifolia L. C. RICHARD ト鑑定 シふたばつれさぎノ名ヲ與ヘラレタノニ反シ、1年後レテ武田久吉博士ハ色丹 ノ植物ヲ基トシテコレヲ Platanthera chlorantha CUSTOR えぞちどりト決定サ レタ。一方朝鮮産モ亦同年ニ中井先生ニ依ツテ Pl. chlorantha ナリトサレタノ デアル。後 1919 年ニ至ツテ SCHLECHTER 氏ハ北海道•樺太•朝鮮ヲ 始メ廣ク 東亞ニ産スル本群ノモノヲー括シテ Pl. chlorantha ト斷ジ、歐洲産ヨリモ花大 ニシテ背藁片ノ深心脚ナル事等ヲ以テ東亞產ヲ分カチ var. orientalis Schle-CHTER ノ名ヲ以テ統ベタガ、コヽニ東亞産ハ歐洲産トハ同一種デハナイトノ見 解ガ 始メテ 出タノデアル。 シカシナガラ今各地ョリ集ツタ標品ニ 就イテ見ル =、朝鮮産ハ北海方面ノ採品=比シテ花大=、側藁片ハ卵狀三角形ヲ呈シ、距ハ 太イノ差ガアルガ、最モ顯著ナ區別點ハ葯極メテ大キクソノ葯隔ハ幅廣クシテ | 葯室へ全ク隔離シ、且ツ蕊柱前縁部ハ著シク三角狀ニ突出セル點デアツテ、コレ ハコノ群中ノ Pl. chlorantha 系ニ屬スルノデアル。シカシ歐州ノ P. chlorantha トハ SCHLECHTER 氏ノ先キニ指摘シタ異點(花ノヨリ 大形ナルコト、背蕚片 ノ深心脚等) ノ外ニ葯隔ハ更ニ廣ク幅 3.5 mm ニモ達シ、小嘴體ハ 三角狀卵形 ヲナシ先端ハ肥厚シ肉質ヲ呈スルノ差異ガアツテ、明ラカニ別種デアル。コノ 事へ 旣 = 中井先生ガ注意サレタ 所デ、光陵試驗林ノ 一斑中 = Platanthera chloranthella Nakai ノ名ヲ以テ呼バレテ居ル。コレガ本種ノ正名トナルガ、 和名ヲかうらいちどり(新稱)ト呼ビ滿洲、朝鮮ニ分布シ、殊ニ鮮南群島中ノ 島嶼ニモ産スルノハ面白イ。次=北海道樺太ノモノハ如何トイフニ、朝鮮ノモ ノト異ナリ、花モ小サク、側蕚片ハ長楕圓狀披針形デアリ、更 = 葯隔ハ狹ク辛 ウジテ兩葯室ヲ距ツル程度デアツテ、蕊柱前縁部ハ鈍形ヲナシ突出ハ著シクナ イ。コレハ明ラカニ Pl. bifolia ニ近イモノデアルコトヲ示スガ、ソノ Pl. bifolia トモ、短イナガラモ蕊柱ノ存在スルコト、葯室ハ平行セズ下部ニ於テ隔離 セルコト、花瓣ハ多少肉質デ眞直ナルコト等ノ差異ガアツテ歐洲産トハ別種ト 考ヘルカラ、Platanthera metabifolia F. MAEKAWA ノ名ヲ與ヘテ區別シタ。 和名ハ從前ノ通リデヨイ。樺太・北海道本島・南千島ニ分布シテ居ル。コヽニ **疑問トナルノハ樺太ト朝鮮トヲ繼グ中間地帶卽チウスリ沿海州地方ニ於テコノ** 群ノ植物ニハ如何ナル種ガアルカトイフ事デアル。Dahuria ノ採品ヲ基トスル Platanthera densa (non Lindl.) Freyn ハ記載ニ依レバ Pl. bifolia 系デアル ガ、背蕚片ハ腎形ヲナシ 唇瓣廣濶ナル點デ Pl. metabifolia F. MAEKAWA トハ

區別シウル。而シテ Regel, Maximowicz 等ノ諸氏ノコノ方面ノ Flora = アツテハ或ハ Pl. bifolia ヲ載セ或ハ Pl. chlorantha ヲ擧ゲ中ニハ 兩種トモニ産スル旨ヲ記スモノモアツテー定セズ、且ツ單ナル名稱ノ列記カラハ何等得ル所ガナク、コレラハ同地方ノ標本ヲ見ナイ限リ明言出來ナイノデ、コノ種ノ文獻ハSyn. 中カラ除イテ置イタ。

- 7) **ひろはのつりしゅすらん** 本州中部以北=産スルつりしゅすらんノ葉ハ卵形或ハ卵狀廣杉圓形ヲ呈シ、基脚ハ概ネ截形ヲナシテ四國九州=見ル本種ノ基本型ノ如キ長精圓狀披針形ヲナス=比シテ短濶デアリ、縁邊皺曲ノ程度ハ遙カ=輕微デアル。シカシ花部=ハ大キイ區別ヲ見出サヌカラー變種トシテ Goodyera pendula var. brachyphylla F. MAEKAWA ひろはのつりしゆすらんトスル。結城嘉美氏コレヲ羽前飯豐山=採リ、久內清孝氏=ハ富士ノ採品ガアル。コノ植物ノ外觀=ツイテハ前記結城氏ノ山形縣植物誌ノ口繪ヲ參照サレタイ。
- 8) Diplolabellum F. MAEKAWA こけいらんもどき屬(新屬) 朝鮮濟州島 デ FAURIE 師ガ採集シタ標本 no. 2055 デ FINET 氏ガ 1908 年 = Oreorchis coreana FINET トシテ發表シタモノデ、外觀ハマコトニ Oreorchis =似テ居 ル。FINET 氏ハ唇瓣=普通 Orcorchis (こけいらん屬) =見ラレル二縦襞ノ代 リニ舌狀ノ肉質附飾ガー個アル點ヲ特異ノ標徴トシテ居ル。但シ標本關係ニヨ ルモノカ 花粉塊ニツイテハ 何等記シテ 居ナイ。東大植物學教室ニハ 幸ニシテ FAURIE ノ同一番號ノ標品ガアツテ辛ウジテ葯ガ殘ツテ居タノト、別ニ TAQUET 氏ガ同ジク同島ニ採ツタ開花ニ間近イ蕾ノアル標本ガ存在シ、コレニ依ツテ扁 平ナ花粉塊ガ四個アリ、シカモ 花粉塊柄ヲ全ク有シナイ點ヲ 見ルコトヲ得タ。 一方 Oreorchis = アツテハ明膫ナ比較的長イ花粉塊柄ノ先端 = 小球狀ノ花粉塊 四個が附著シテ居ルモノデ、唇瓣/形狀ト合セテ考へル時ハ濟州島ノ Oreorchis coreana ハ到底 Oreorchis デアリ得ナイノデコレヲ別屬トシタモノデア ル。北米産ニ Aplectrum ナル屬アツテ 近似的ノモノデアルガ、唇瓣ハ三縦襞 ヲ有スル點デ別屬デアルカラ、唇瓣ガ二重トノ意味デ Diplolabellum ナル新 屬トシ、和名ヲとけいらんもどきト新稱シ、Diplolabellum coreanum F. MAEKAWA ノ新組合トシタ。